Emergency Measures to be Taken Against the "Second Wave State of Emergency" (Abridged)

1. "Second Wave State of Emergency"

• Arrival of "Second Wave"

- Sudden increase in "proportion of positive results in PCR tests"
- Large number of infections in eating & drinking establishments involving alcohol in "Aichi Prefecture, particularly Nagoya"
- Approximately 60% of infections of people in Gifu Prefecture originated in Aichi Prefecture
- Of those infections originating in Aichi Prefecture, more than 70% occurred in downtown clubs or eating & drinking establishments involving alcohol etc
- Large increase in the number of infected "young people" and repeated occurrence of "school clusters"
- \circ Concerns about spread of infection from young people to the elderly
- Sudden pressure on medical facilities if the infection increases amongst the elderly (risk of large increase in cases with severe symptoms)
- Also need for caution about increase amongst foreign residents

Increase in movements of people going forward

Main "summer holiday" period from August 1st

2. Emergency Measures (Initiatives taken as "All Gifu")

(1) To all Prefectural Residents:

• Avoid eating & drinking involving alcohol in Aichi Prefecture,

particularly Nagoya

 Thorough measures during school summer holidays and o-bon holiday period

- Everyday management of health condition by school children with health check-cards
- Checking of school children's infection prevention measures by guardians
- Self-restraint from karaoke and parties etc in enclosed spaces or with large groups of people
- Carefulness about travelling to & from areas with large numbers of infections
 (particularly Aichi Prefecture) or making trips between prefectures
- Thorough implementation of basic infection control measures
- · "Maintenance of distance between people", "wearing of masks", "hand-

washing"

- Avoidance of the "Three Cs" ("Closed Spaces", "Crowded Places", "Closecontact Settings")
- Daily self-checking of health and avoidance of trips outside if health irregularities found
- Use of Gifu Prefecture "QR Code Infection Alert System" and Japanese Government's "Contact-Confirming Application (COCOA)"

• Thorough Observance of Behaviour Guidelines

- Publication of business names and in-person inspections of business facilities where infections occur if those facilities have not been thoroughly implementing infection prevention measures
- Demands for business closure and instructions for the business sector in business facilities where clusters occur as set out in the Special Measures Against New-type Influenza and Other Novel Infections Law
- Thorough display of "Measures Against COVID-19 in Effect" stickers and recommending use of business facilities displaying them (on Prefectural website, in magazines and on other websites)